

Junior Cycle History Revision Plan: 1st Year

Topic	Topic breakdown	Key words and key personalities	Possible questions	Relevant links	Tick when completed
1. Historian	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is history? 2. Different types of sources 3. Primary VS secondary sources 4. Bias and propaganda 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Bias b. Primary source c. Secondary source d. Propaganda e. Fact f. Opinion g. Prehistory 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is history? 2. What is a primary source? 3. Give 1 example of a primary source. 4. What is a secondary source? 5. Give 1 example of a secondary source. 6. What does the word 'bias' mean? 7. Give one disadvantage of eyewitness accounts. 8. List 2 pieces of advice that you would give to someone who is trying to judge if a source is reliable or not. 9. List 2 places where historians can find sources. 10. What is chronology? 11. What do B.C. and A.D. stand for? 	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/687977642/chapter-01-how-do-historians-find-out-about-the-past-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SkEkzS4-m64&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43uMFBdA3biYq9YhNCi218W</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mwd83cHsAg0&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43uMFBdA3biYq9YhNCi218W&index=3</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gVTRUH0DIDQ&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43uMFBdA3biYq9YhNCi218W&index=5</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eGmhxjhcNQ&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43uMFBdA3biYq9YhNCi218W&index=7</p>	
2. Archaeologist	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is archaeology? 2. How do archaeologists find sites for excavation? 3. How do archeologists date the objects they find? 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Archaeology b. Site c. Excavation d. Radiocarbon dating e. Dendrochronology f. Stratigraphy g. Artefact h. Evidence 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is archaeology? 2. What name is given to the time before the development of writing? 3. List 2 ways archaeologists can find a site to excavate. 4. What is a geophysical survey? 5. Explain what stratigraphy is. 6. What is dendrochronology? 7. What other name can be used to explain dendrochronology? 8. Explain what carbon dating is. 9. What are post holes? 	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/689871302/chapter-02-how-do-archaeologists-find-out-about-the-past-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0z3c huDaOR0&list=PLTx-YBX0IB432quF8BokpFKL8TpyjXoBl</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FpJSw4VghOE&list=PLTx-YBX0IB432quF8BokpFKL8TpyjXoBl&index=2</p>	

Junior Cycle History Revision Plan: 1st Year

3. Ancient Rome	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Background/introduction Life of a patrician Life of a plebian Entertainment and food Life of women Life of children Life in the army Life of a slave Achievements 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Aqueduct Villa Plebian Patrician Dole Toga Domus Insulae Stola Orator Dowry <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Julius Caesar Spartacus 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> What is Hadrian's Wall? Who were Romulus and Remus? What happened at Pompeii and Herculaneum? What were wealthy Romans called? Where did wealthy Romans live in the city? What name is given to the heating system used in wealthy Roman houses? What was a stola? What was a cena? What was the Circus Maximus used for? Where were gladiator games held? What were poor Romans called? Where did poor Romans live? What was the dole? At what age were girls allowed to get married? Name 2 changes that Julius Caesar made to the calendar. Name 1 famous slave. Name 2 features of Roman architecture. What were aqueducts used for? Name 2 European languages based on Latin. Which emperor legalized Christianity in Rome? 	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/690193970/chapter-03-life-and-achievements-in-ancient-rome-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f-n21iRwZ5c&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43I0So8E69vw2RatWmt3JjB</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HLD-Fq0AM5f4&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43I0So8E69vw2RatWmt3JjB&index=2</p>	
4. Early Christian Ireland	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Background/the arrival of Christianity Importance of the monastery to ECI, focus on Clonmacnoise 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Monastery Round tower Tonsure Crozier Manuscript Scriptorium High Cross Filigree 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Who was Palladius? When did St. Patrick come to Ireland? What book did St. Patrick write? Give 2 examples of early Christian monasteries. Who was the head of the monastery? What did monks wear? 	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/693647906/chapter-04-early-christian-ireland-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SgB5Oh4civ8&list=PLTx-YBX0IB40S0h00_t9BK8KM1dGAv0QI&index=2</p>	

Junior Cycle History Revision Plan: 1st Year

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Life in a monastery and links to community 4. Contribution of Christianity to Ireland part 1 – reading and writing, contribution to art 5. Contribution of Christianity to Ireland part 2 – links to Europe, St Patrick's Day, education and healthcare 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Beehive hut j. Scribe k. Chalice a. St Patrick 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. What name is given to corbelled huts that monks lived in? 8. What was the purpose of a round tower? 9. Name 1 round tower. 10. What was the language of the Catholic Church? 11. What are Ogham stones? 12. What is a hand-written document called? 13. Give 1 example of a hand-written document. 14. What is vellum made from? 15. What was the purpose of a high stone cross? 16. Name 1 famous high stone cross. 17. What was La Tène style? 18. Give 1 example of early Christian metalwork. 19. Name 1 Irish missionary. 20. List 2 things that Christianity has contributed to society and culture in Early Christian Ireland. 	<p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=anU10LBs-pg&list=PLTx-YBX0IB40S0h0O_t9BK8KM1dGAv0QI</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dka8D-XKWry&list=PLTx-YBX0IB40S0h0O_t9BK8KM1dGAv0QI&index=3</p>	
<p>5. Medieval Times</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction – what were medieval times, feudal system 2. Life in a castle 3. Life of a knight 4. Life of a peasant 5. Life in a medieval town – merchant and craftsman 6. Life in a religious order – monks and nuns 7. The Black Death 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Medieval times b. Middle Ages c. Feudal system d. Knight e. Peasant f. Vassal g. Serf h. Fief i. Apprentice j. Page k. Squire l. Guild m. Fallow n. Chivalry o. Pillory and stocks 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. List 1 other name for 'Medieval Times'. 2. How was society in medieval times structured? 3. What tapestry tells the story of the invasion of England in 1066? 4. What was the Domesday book? 5. Name 2 jobs that the lady of a castle had. 6. Name 2 defensive features of a stone castle. 7. List the 2 stages of training to become a knight. 8. What code did knights follow? 	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/696464429/chapter-05-exploring-life-death-and-achievements-in-medieval-times-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PejJGGJKZiw&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43Eg3CWt1r-x9nBN6EeHFd5</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7B1kU-4vF9o&list=PLTx-YBX0IB43Eg3CWt1r-x9nBN6EeHFd5&index=4</p>	

Junior Cycle History Revision Plan: 1st Year

		<p>p. Manor q. Black Death r. Tithe</p>	<p>9. Name 2 types of peasants. 10. What was a tithe? 11. What was a journeyman? 12. Give 1 reason why craftsmen joined guilds. 13. Why did people go to markets in medieval times? 14. What was a curfew? 15. List 2 types of punishment in medieval times. 16. Give 2 features of Gothic architecture. 17. What 3 vows did monks and nuns take? 18. What were friars? 19. What caused the Black Death? 20. Name 1 group of people blamed for the plague.</p>		
6. Renaissance	<p>1. What was the Renaissance? What was humanism? 2. Why did the Renaissance begin in Italy? 3. Changes in art – da Vinci 4. Changes in sculpture – Michelangelo 5. Changes in architecture 6. Developments in science 7. Significance of Galileo 8. The printing press 9. Changes in literature – Shakespeare 10. Significance of the Renaissance</p>	<p>a. Renaissance b. Gothic c. Classical d. Architecture e. Sfumato f. Perspective g. Vernacular h. Anatomy i. Patron j. Fresco k. Humanism l. Astronomy m. The Last Supper n. Tempera o. <i>David</i></p> <p>a. Da Vinci b. Michelangelo c. Gutenberg d. Galileo</p>	<p>1. What was the Renaissance? 2. What was humanism? 3. Why did the Renaissance begin in Italy (2 reasons)? 4. List 2 changes that occurred in Renaissance painting. 5. Name 1 example of a Renaissance building. 6. Who was da Vinci apprenticed to? 7. Name 2 da Vinci paintings. 8. What is sfumato? 9. Who set up the school of sculpture that Michelangelo studied in? 10. Name 2 sculptures by Michelangelo. 11. What dome did Michelangelo design? 12. Name 1 female Renaissance artist. 13. Who was Johann Kepler? 14. Give 2 reasons why Galileo is significant. 15. What did William Harvey discover? 16. Name the book Vesalius published.</p>	<p>https://quizlet.com/ie/699399063/chapter-06-how-is-the-renaissance-historically-significant-changes-in-the-arts-and-science-flash-cards/?i=1zehf&x=1jqt</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lSbGn2BjkqA&list=PLTx-YBX0IB437RrIXNivTSJ9IqXG8NLTw&index=6</p>	

Junior Cycle History Revision Plan: 1st Year

		e. Shakespeare	17. What was the first book ever printed? 18. List 2 results of the printing press. 19. What does the word vernacular mean? 20. Name 2 Shakespearian plays.		
--	--	----------------	--	--	--