

Algebra 1 Evaluation Expressions, Solving Linear equations, algebra fractions, simultaneous equations, subject of a formula, inequalities	▪ Simplify algebraic expressions ▪ Add algebraic fractions ○ E.g. add and subtract expressions of the form $(ax+by+c) \pm \dots \pm (dx+ey+f)$ ▪ Evaluate expressions ▪ Solve linear equations ▪ Solve linear equations with fractions ○ E.g. $\frac{a}{bx+c} \pm \frac{p}{qx+r}$ where $a,b,c,p,q,r \in \mathbb{Z}$ ▪ Algebraic division ▪ Perform linear inequalities ○ Selecting and using suitable strategies (graphic, numeric, algebraic, mental) for finding solutions to inequalities. Graph solution sets on the number line for linear inequalities in one variable ○ Manipulate and change the subject of a formula ▪ Solve simultaneous equations ▪ Apply simultaneous equations to various scenarios
Algebra 2 Factorising expressions, Quadratic Formula, indices & surds	▪ Factorise quadratic expressions ▪ Use factors to solve quadratic equations ▪ Solve quadratic equations involving fractions ▪ Use the quadratic formula ○ Solve quadratic equation using the -b formula and interpret the results ▪ Solve simultaneous equations – one linear, one quadratic – and interpret results (restricted to the case where either the coefficient of x or the coefficient of y is ± 1 in the linear equation) ▪ Form quadratic equations ▪ Apply the rules of indices and solve problems using them. $b \in \mathbb{R}; p, q \in \mathbb{Q};$ ▪ Use equations involving indices ▪ Deal with surds

Co-Ordinate Geometry of the line

Distance, mid-point, slope, equation of the line, parallel & perpendicular, graphing lines, area of a triangle

- Understand and use the coordinate plane
- Find the distance between 2 points
 - Understand the distance formula is derived from Pythagoras' theorem
- Find the midpoint of a line segment
- Find the slope of a line
 - Understand that the slope formula is the rise/run
 - Understand that slope is the rate of change
 - Solve problems involving slopes of lines
 - Use slopes to show that 2 lines are parallel or perpendicular
- Find the equation of a line
- Use the equation $y = mx + c$
 - Find the slope of a line given the equation
 - Find the y intercept
 - Recognise the fact that the relationship $ax + by + c = 0$ is linear
- Understand co-ordinate geometry of perpendicular and parallel lines
- Graph lines
 - Be able to find points on a line
 - Sketch a line given its formula
- Find the intersection of 2 lines
 - Find the intersection of two lines using a graphical approach and an algebraic approach to the intersection of two lines, using simultaneous equations
- Find the area of a triangle using co-ordinate geometry
 - How to calculate the area of a triangle using coordinates of the vertices, translating to origin as needed